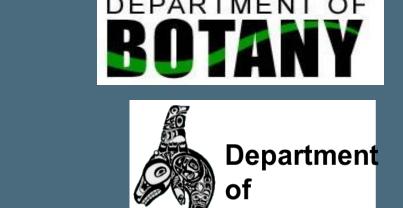


# Profile of common genetics misconceptions in 1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> year undergraduate biology students

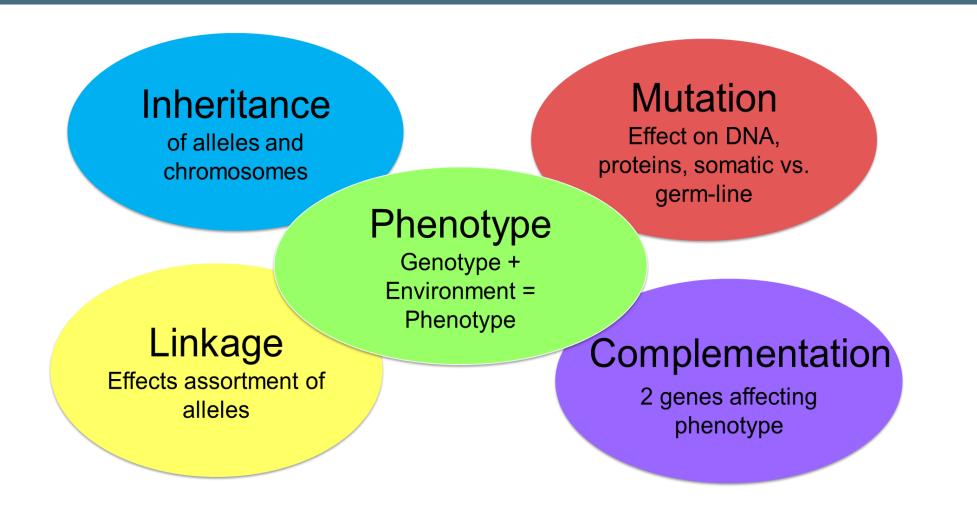


Pam Kalas & Lisa McDonnell

#### Questions

- What conceptual knowledge and misconceptions do students in 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, and 4<sup>th</sup> year have?
- Are given misconceptions predictive of others?

#### **Key Genetics Concepts Tested**



### Do students understand the concepts?

Concept Inventory Test:

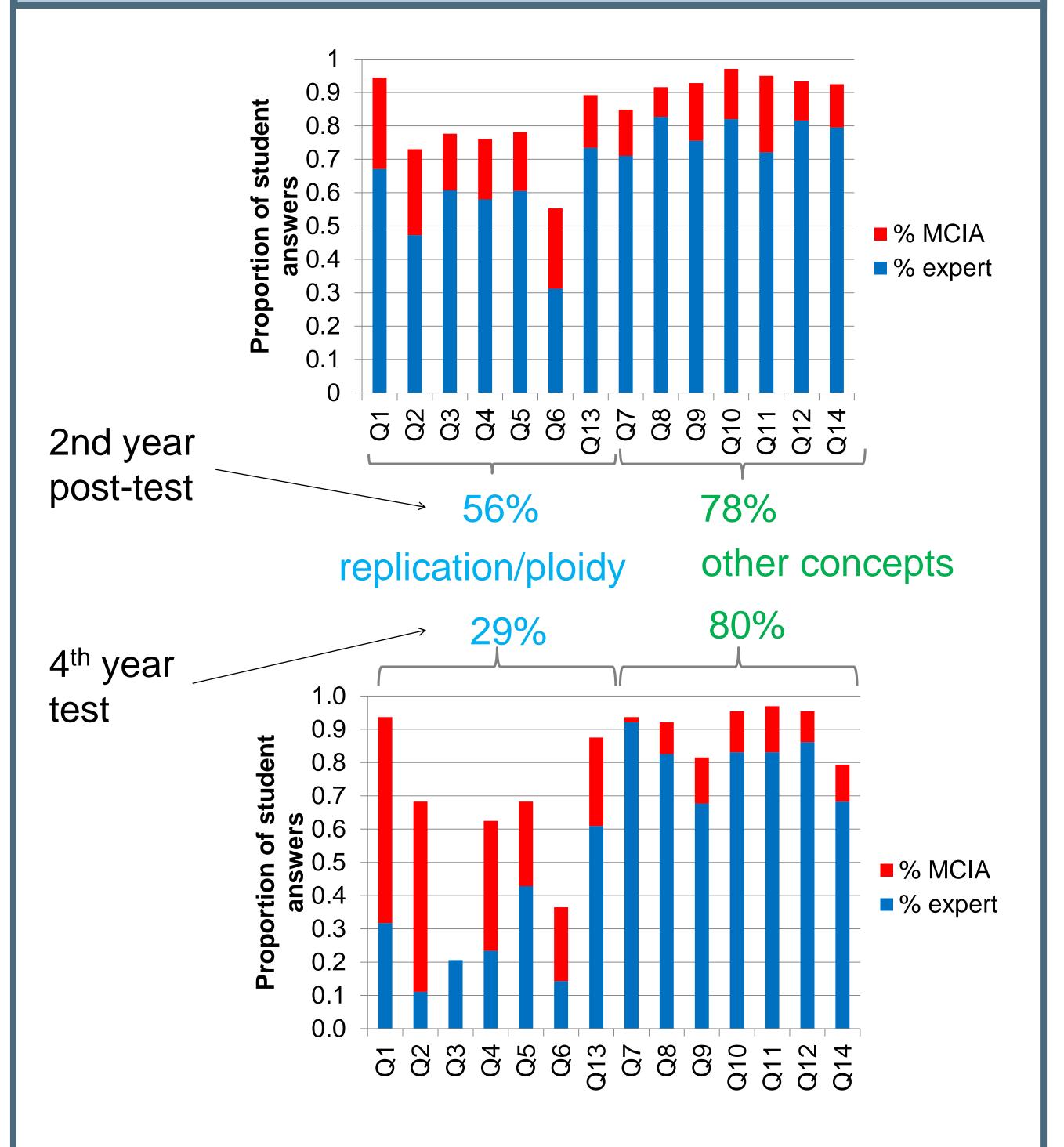
14 multiple-

choice questions from validated conceptual inventory tests<sup>1,2</sup>

## Average % correct in 1<sup>st</sup>-4<sup>th</sup> year populations (standard deviations)

	PRE-test	POST-test	Avg. Change
1st year	30.0 (14.3) n=101	54.8 (21.3) n=94	33%
2nd year	31.1 (16.6) n=219	66.4 (22.3) n=218	51%
3rd year		42.4 (17.6) n=194	
4th year		54.0 (18.1) n=65	

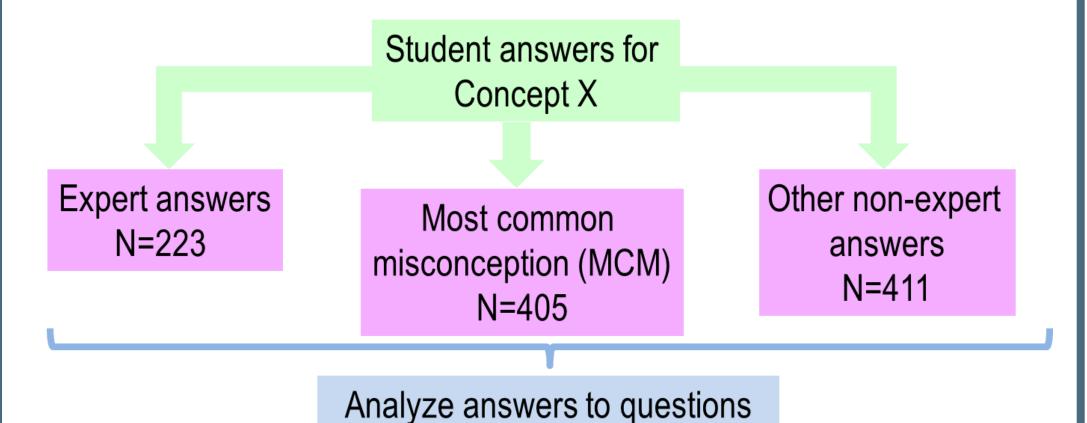
### Do students understand the concepts?



- Significant retention of conceptual understanding of most concepts after 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- Strong misconceptions seen in 1<sup>st</sup> year do not reappear after 2<sup>nd</sup> year (among "other concepts")
- Loss of conceptual understanding on ploidy & DNA replication-related concepts.

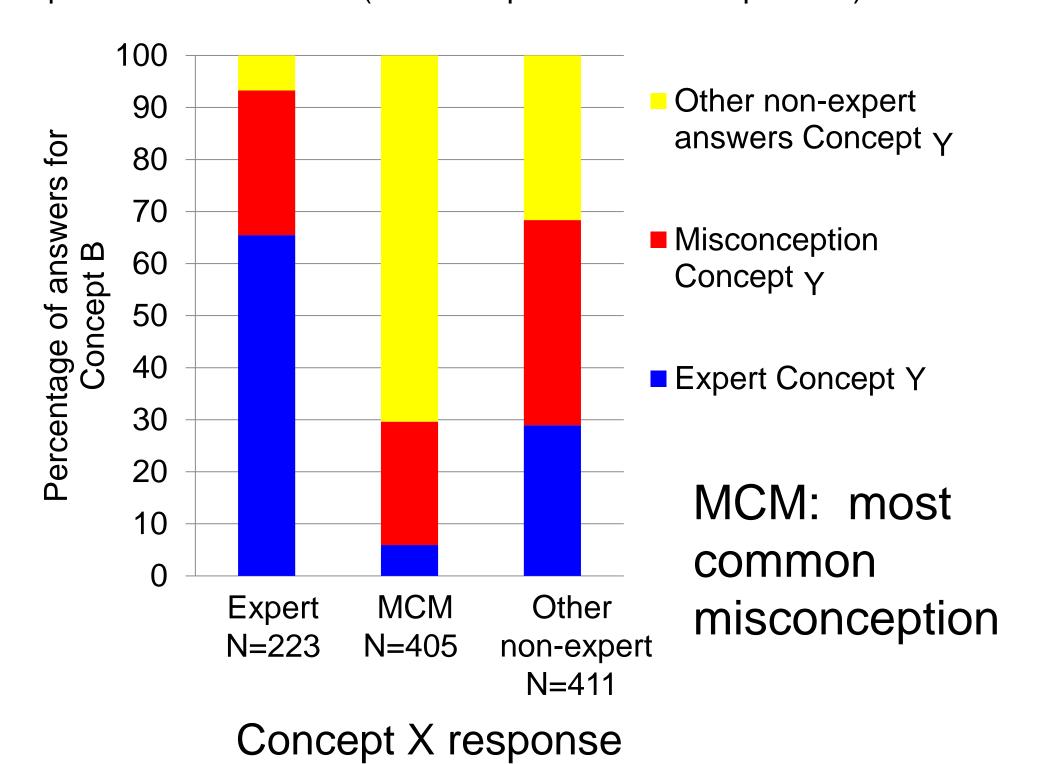
### What do we expect?

Unspoken instructor's assumption #1:
If students understand Concept X, it means they also understand Concept Y



testing Concept Y

Concept X: ploidy (a diploid cell has two copies of each chromosome); Concept Y: a chromosome composed of two sister chromatids is a replicated chromosome (misconception= it is not replicated).



→ Understanding of Concept Y is independent from understanding of Concept X

- Concept inventories are a valuable tool to study retention and common misconceptions
- New information for instructors revealed interesting patterns of retention, and assumptions we make about coupled knowledge and misconceptions.

